EXHIBIT 22

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
SAN ANTONIO DIVISION
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE . COMMISSION, .
PLAINTIFF,
vs DOCKET NO. 5:21-CV-785-XR
ROBERT J. MUELLER, ET AL,
DEFENDANTS
TRANSCRIPT OF PRETRIAL CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS
BEFORE THE HONORABLE XAVIER RODRIGUEZ UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
NOVEMBER 28, 2023
APPEARANCES:
FOR THE PLAINTIFF: CHARLIE L. DIVINE, ESQUIRE DAVID NASSE, ESQUIRE
KRISTEN M. WARDEN, ESQUIRE FERNANDO COMPOAMOR, ESQUIRE
US SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION 100 F STREET, NE
WASHINGTON DC 20549-5917
FOR THE DEFENDANT: JASON DAVIS, ESQUIRE CAROLINE NEWMAN SMALL, ESQUIRE
DAVIS & SANTOS PC 719 S. FORES STREET
SAN ANTONIO TX 78204
REPORTED BY: GIGI SIMCOX, RMR, CRR
OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

```
1
   marriages or divorces spent on the money, completely
 2
    inflammatory and irrelevant, because the government's theory
 3
    is he shouldn't have had that money. It should be the same
 4
   whether he took that money down to the Food Bank and gave it
 5
   all to the Food Bank.
 6
             But that's precisely why, Judge, even you, with your
 7
   extensive experience there, having to call balls and strikes,
 8
    if it's sticking in your mind, what's it going to do to a jury
 9
   here when that's not part of the government's theory,
10
    according to them?
11
             THE COURT: But it is relevant to the scienter, so
12
   that's the difference here. That's the ruling.
13
             Moving on to three. Advice of counsel. So -- why
14
    don't you just stay there.
15
             So help me understand how your client told counsel
16
    everything — outside counsel everything they needed to know
17
    and that they provided a legal opinion that he relied on.
18
             MR. DAVIS: Judge, I'd like to first talk about the
19
    first point that you raised, which is the full disclosure
20
    issue. And, you know, one of the cases cited by the SEC,
21
    the - it's kind of difficult - I think it's Impastato.
22
             I'll get the spelling later.
23
             THE COURT: I-M-P-A-S-T-A-T-O.
            MR. DAVIS: Yes, Your Honor. I think it was a
24
25
   Louisiana case. But basically recognized — and I think the
```

Snyder case, too, recognized that that's a jury question; that the level of disclosure, whether it was full disclosure or not, should be submitted to the jury.

So this is not appropriate for a motion in limine saying you can't get into that. So that's the threshold issue. In fact, we cited directly that court's discussion of that, and I think the *Snyder* case just reinforces that. And that was a large part.

THE COURT: But, I mean, there's got to be enough fact issues to go to a jury. So tell me where are there fact issues that may go to a jury on this?

MR. DAVIS: Sure, Judge. I guess we'll put it into context.

If you read the SEC's motion, it creates the impression that Robert Mueller went to these lawyers, the securities lawyers, just prior to the PPM and said, "Hey, guys, I'm going to raise some money." That's not what this was.

What you had was over two and a half years of representation — actually, two years and five months — by these lawyers prior to that PPM that's the subject of this case, the first PPM. That's the real subject of this case. There are several, but that's the in-time.

So this argument, number one, that there wasn't full disclosure and that the lawyers weren't familiar with the

1 business is belied by the extensive experience and 2 representation that they had these entities and Mr. Mueller, 3 number one. 4 By "extensive," hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of legal bills and hours. Mr. Concilla described, Your 5 Honor -- I think as he said, "We talked all the time." We had 6 7 emails and phone calls all the time, consistent with 8 Mr. Mueller's testimony. 9 So this notion that they weren't fully aware, having 10 set up this structure for the business themself, is just 11 belied by the facts. So that description, Your Honor --12 obviously, we didn't question our own witness, Mr. Mueller, 13 during his deposition, but you will hear testimony, and you 14 see glimpses of it, even through the SEC questions of 15 Mr. Mueller in his deposition about extensive and thorough 16 discussions with his lawyers at all stages two and a half 17 years leading up to the PPM. 18 Now, what they point to is Mr. Concilla's statements 19 during his deposition that he couldn't recall certain things; 20 that he does say there are lots of discussions. We were 21 talking — I think he almost said — every day during the 22 critical time. 23 Mr. Concilla was hospitalized, Your Honor, for a 24 large period of time. We had to set up his deposition, you

know, working around that. He was ill. There was a serious

25

```
illness.
              In fact, that's one of the reasons why we've agreed
 1
 2
    if he has to testify, to do it remotely at his request.
 3
             He's admitted candidly that he doesn't recall things.
 4
   He's also admitted candidly that he wouldn't dispute if
 5
   Mr. Mueller did recall things that he couldn't recall.
 6
             So -- but what we do have -- and that's why we cited
 7
    so many clips — is we have both Mr. Mueller and Mr. Concilla
 8
    in their testimony -- and you'll hear more from Mr. Mueller --
    talked about the extensive discussions and advice into
10
    different areas leading up to the PPMs, which are the
11
    representations that are at issue in this case.
12
             THE COURT: There was no, like, warranty letter or
13
    letter provided by counsel as to the parameters of the
14
    disclosures? Nothing like that?
15
             MR. DAVIS: Not as to the -- you mean as to the scope
16
    of representation or as to the disclosure?
17
             THE COURT: No, to the scope of, "this is to affirm
18
    that the following disclosures were made." I mean, the stuff
19
    you would normally see a lawyer recap.
20
             MR. DAVIS: You know, I guess look at it from this
   perspective, Judge. You have Mr. Mueller going to these guys
21
22
    who are undisputedly veteran. I mean, the guy has 40 years.
23
    In all these offerings, I think the Court may have seen his
    resume in connection with some of the disclosures as a
24
25
   nonretained expert.
```

So what can Mr. Mueller do as a client but go to these folks and pay them top dollar, pay hundreds of thousands of dollars, and spend — who knows? — thousands of billable hours getting advice from them.

So if there aren't documents like that that other securities lawyers give, it shouldn't be on Mr. Mueller. Why is that important? It's important because Mr. Concilla, in his deposition, answered the following questions: "When you said 'We're done, I approve this,' did you mean that you approved all the disclosures and that this was acceptable and in compliance to give to investors?"

"Yes."

Over and over and over again. And in terms of the challenges, Judge, you know, when you look at the case law, the relevance issue is, well, our — was the advice related to the issues that are at issue in this case? And that's why we cited so many excerpts, because both Mr. Mueller and Mr. Concilla describe the areas that are of concern in this case.

For example, loans and compensation. "Yes."

"Critically, when you blessed the PPMs, did you know that there was no revenue; in other words, that investor money was going to come in at a time when you knew that investor money or that company money was going to be paying these?"

"Yes, we knew that."

Now, Mr. Concilla said, "I don't recall a specific conversation about investor money being used to pay other investors," but he says, "If I had been asked, yes, I believe money is fungible, as long as there's money from other sources," which there was.

You will hear, Judge, that there was money from other sources in these accounts. There were both loans, and I think one or two of the policies had paid off. Then Mr. Concilla says there is nothing wrong with that. Money is fungible.

Mr. Mueller certainly will testify, he remembers those conversations in the context of this, and that was precisely why he proceeded and relied upon Mr. Concilla and the law firm.

So back to the Court's question, was there disclosure? You have two and a half years of evidence that will be uncontested of an attorney/client relationship specifically with these companies, the predecessors, going forward, that shows that these lawyers were very familiar with this operation and the structure. They set it up.

You have the testimony from Mr. Mueller and Mr. Concilla talking about the various different topics, and you have Mr. Mueller saying, "Yes, I relied upon them. Yes, I had these conversations."

If you read the SEC's brief, Judge, you think that specific conversations about these different areas that are at

issue never happened. We've given you sworn testimony of

Mr. Mueller, even not in response to our questioning — to

their questioning — talking specifically that he did get such

advice.

That is the evidence that is necessary. If they have a challenge about the extent of that, then that is for the jury to decide. They can argue to the jury, well, they didn't tell them this. They didn't tell them that. But there's certainly enough evidence, Your Honor, to justify that issue being at play in this case.

THE COURT: So -- to the government.

So defendant says that they have provided some amount of information that should potentially be heard by the jury.

I mean, why shouldn't I go on the safe side, allow them to do what they are going to attempt to do?

Mueller says whatever he's going to say, the attorney or attorneys — plural — say what they are going to say, then I decide whether or not the reliance on counsel argument can go to the jury. Perhaps, if you guys are correct, and it's not met, then I don't provide such an instruction, and I tell the jury to disregard all the evidence they previously heard on this point. Why isn't that the safer route?

MR. NASSE: Yes, Your Honor, I think it's exactly for the point you raised at the outset. There needs to be some modicum of facts behind some of these assertions of privilege.

1 And you -- at our last hearing, Your Honor, you 2 specifically asked the defense counsel to provide you specific 3 examples of where the lawyers were provided — asked a 4 specific question with the appropriate information and what 5 their response was. 6 And here in the motion, you have, I think, ten to 7 twelve pages of citations to the attorneys' depositions. And 8 not a single one of them, if you look at them closely, indicate that there was a specific question asked about the 10 issues in this case, the information they provided. 11 In fact, to the very issue where Mr. Davis just 12 raised about Ponzi payments, the question they cited, where he 13 says "money is fungible," but the entire quote is, "So 14 wherever this money is coming from or if it's going into an 15 account, it could be used for whatever purpose. But did we 16 have a specific discussion of what I think you are asking, 17 paying all investors with new investors' money? We did not." 18 So it's not that we didn't recall or some sort of a 19 vaque answer. It's "We did not." 20 THE COURT: What did Mr. Mueller say in his 21 affidavit? 22 MR. NASSE: Mr. Mueller — if you look at their 23 statements, are vague assertions. We don't dispute that 24 Carlile Patchen provided advice of the drafting of the initial 25 documents. We're not saying that there are some technical

1 THE COURT: That's not going to get them there. 2 That's the — and I think the case MR. NASSE: Yeah. 3 law is clear on that. It's what did they know after the fact, 4 after those funds launched, his -- what his conduct was in 5 relation — in light of the representations in the PPMs. 6 His assertions are we had discussion -- our vaque 7 sort of statements of, we had discussions all the time. We 8 talked about everything, but the very -- the citation that Mr. Davis mentioned about the loans, if you look at that 10 entire transcript, you see me going repeatedly, like, asking 11 Mr. Mueller: "Do you recall a specific conversation?" 12 "Well, we talked about everything. We talked about 13 all kinds of -- we must have talked about it." 14 Those are his types of responses; whereas the 15 lawyers, when they are deposed, are very definitive and say, 16 "No, we did not," on all the core issues; whether there was a 17 legally enforceable interest in the life policies or the 18 affiliated business. 19 As you pointed out, what does capital acquisition 20 mean? In fact, their testimony was exactly contrary to that. 21 They expected there to be a legally enforceable interest in 22 the entities that the funds were investing in. In fact, they 23 said if they had known that there wasn't, they would have 24 advised Mr. Mueller to amend the PPMs. Whether he could use personal — use investor funds 25

```
1
    for personal expenses. There is no citation in any of their
 2
    documents where — that he provided — asked that question
 3
    specifically to Carlile Patchen and they provided any
 4
   quidance.
 5
             Whether he could use — they just cited — pay
 6
   returns to other investors with new investor money, whether he
 7
    could use the company advance to pay those investors. They
 8
   have views about what the document said, but at every
 9
    opportunity, they always said they didn't have those specific
10
    conversations with Mr. Mueller.
11
             So our view is in light of the fact that there's not
12
    a factual basis to introduce the supposed advice of counsel,
13
   the prejudice, Your Honor, outweighs the relevancy here.
14
             THE COURT: So Mr. Davis, you are telling me that
15
    in — and I can't pronounce the lawyer's name, and then your
16
    client's affidavit, those are the two places that you believe
   allow you to raise this to the jury. Is there any other
17
18
   places that you think support?
19
             MR. DAVIS: Well, it's our client's testimony, Judge,
20
    from his deposition from the SEC, and it's what we anticipate
21
   he will testify to. I want to slow this down, because there
   are statements being made -- or if you just look, Your Honor,
22
23
   at what we have filed, there are some examples in there.
24
             So, for example: "Did Carlile Patchen" — that's the
25
    law firm where Mr. Concilla was — "ever advise you that it
```

```
1
   was permissible to pay existing investors with new investor
 2
    investments?"
 3
             "Answer: Yes."
 4
             "Question: When did that occur?"
5
             "Answer: It occurred continuously throughout the
 6
    representation, including after there was a privilege waiver
 7
    date."
 8
             "Question: Did you have a conversation where Carlile
 9
   Patchen advised you it was permissible?"
10
             "Answer: Yes. We had many conversations."
11
             And he was adamant -- Mr. Concilla -- this is
12
   Mr. Mueller talking about Mr. Concilla.
13
             THE COURT: You are citing from your client's --
14
             MR. DAVIS: Deposition answers that are sworn, that
15
    are part of our response. Dennis was adamant about the
16
   provision that money was fungible. That's exactly what
17
   Mr. Concilla testified to.
18
             Now, Mr. Concilla testified — just as I said and as
19
    counsel said -- we didn't have those conversations. But when
20
    asked by Mr. Hulings in the deposition, he said, "You know,
21
   we're talking about eight years ago." He said, "Yes, it may
22
   have. Mr. Mueller could have a different recollection."
23
             But Mr. Concilla says, "I know what I would have
24
    said," which is exactly how Mr. Mueller describes it; that
25
   money is fungible. It's not a Ponzi scheme if there are other
```

```
1
   monies in the account.
 2
             Here's another example. Again, sworn testimony from
 3
    our client. This was the SEC asking Mr. Mueller.
 4
             "Question: Did you ask Carlisle Patchen whether you
 5
    should disclose that you would pay existing investors with new
 6
    investor funds?"
 7
             "Answer" -- not vaque, not equivocal -- "Yes. We
 8
    talked about it several times."
 9
             The company advance section and the language therein
10
    was their response to these types of discussions.
11
             So we cited Mr. Concilla's testimony. When
12
   Mr. Hulings asked Mr. Concilla, "Do you think that the company
13
    advance section could be used to pay investors?"
14
             "Answer: Yes. That could be proper."
15
             So is there evidence, Your Honor, that supports this?
    Yes. And I could keep going. For example, Mr. Concilla was
16
17
    asked — it said:
             "Ouestion: You don't recall discussions with
18
19
   Mr. Mueller regarding placing 30 percent of investor funds
20
    into deeproot Pinball?"
21
             Mr. Concilla said: "I do recall."
22
             And they said: "What did he tell you about that?"
23
             He said, "He thought it would allow some
24
    diversification of cash flow."
25
             This is Mr. Concilla.
```

1 THE COURT: But where is that evidence that the 2 lawyer is actually providing him advice? 3 MR. DAVIS: Because those conversations, Judge, are 4 part of his advice and approval, which is what I'm getting to, 5 the culmination of that, which is, yes, these PPMs, with my 6 knowledge, based upon these discussions, are good to go. They 7 are compliant with the securities laws, and may be presented 8 to investors. 9 THE COURT: And there was no written memorialization 10 of any of this? 11 MR. DAVIS: There's sworn testimony from 12 Mr. Concilla, Judge. 13 So let me give you --14 THE COURT: No. I'm still wrapping my head around 15 this complex deal being put together by Carlisle Patchen and 16 there is no formal letter blessing this. 17 MR. DAVIS: Well, that may be a mal -- well, there's 18 a tolling agreement. That may be a malpractice issue, Judge, 19 but we don't have to guess now, because what Mr. Concilla 20 remembers is, quote, "Did you provide legal advice with 21 respect to the PPMs?" 22 "Yes." 23 THE COURT: But there's no doubt about that. 24 question is what the representations were and did he bless the 25 representations being made.

```
1
            MR. DAVIS: Right, Judge, but the representations
 2
   were in the PPM. Their point is that, well, he did — the way
 3
    it was actually set up, the way that it was working was
 4
    inconsistent.
 5
            What this evidence, the sworn testimony, shows is
   that Mr. Concilla and his firm were very familiar with the
 6
 7
   structure and the setup, were very familiar with that. And so
 8
   when you have Mr. Mueller, who obviously remembers -- he's on
 9
   trial here. You have a securities lawyer, a 40-year veteran,
10
   who has been through a health crisis and isn't well enough to
11
    come to -- live here, asked to remember one of many, many
12
    clients' conversations eight years ago and says, "Yes,
13
   Mr. Mueller, I wouldn't doubt that he would remember this
14
    stuff" -- basically -- "better than me."
15
            THE COURT: So we keep talking about one lawyer.
                                                               Ι
16
    thought you guys were going to have more than one lawyer.
17
            MR. DAVIS: There is two. They're both from the same
18
    firm. Mr. Concilla was the lead lawyer. There's a
   Mr. Federico. Honestly, I think Mr. Concilla was the lead
19
20
    lawyer, and he's probably the one we would call.
21
            THE COURT: No, I'm talking about them.
22
            MR. DAVIS: Oh, them.
23
             THE COURT:
                        Yes.
24
            MR. NASSE: Yes, that's right, Your Honor. There is
25
    another lawyer, Mr. Federico. Same firm. He testified in his
```

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

deposition that he didn't advise Mr. Mueller on either PPM, so that was his testimony. He did advise him on other funds, but not these two PPMs. (Off-the-record discussion.) MR. DAVIS: I was going to say, Judge -- I mean again, we're getting to whether the Court should go down the safe route, and the U.S. versus -- or the SEC versus Snyder case actually goes directly to what you've said, Judge, which is why isn't it safer to listen to this and then make that decision. In that case, the Fifth Circuit observed that, quote, "The defendant does not have the burden of proving any, quote, 'elements' of the defense before the jury can weigh the defendant's theory of reliance." And to deprive — given the testimony, the sworn testimony already from Mr. Concilla and Mr. Mueller, to deprive Mr. Mueller of putting this information before the jury -- and at the end of this case, Your Honor, you can decide whether -- whatever decisions you want to make in terms of what written instruction, if any, get provided, not only is it the safe route, it's the route that's dictated by the Fifth

When Mr. Concilla stated, "your opinion that you communicated to Mr. Mueller" — this is an example, Judge — "was that the PPMs for the 575 Fund and the GRD Fund

Circuit and in fairness in this case.

1 adequately disclosed that he would be receiving compensation 2 in some form." He said implicitly, yes. He said, "I don't" --3 4 again, it doesn't speak to it specifically, but implicitly, 5 yes. 6 So, again, we go back to where we started, which was 7 we're going to talk about these expenditures. Mr. Mueller 8 shouldn't have gotten that money. Kind of a strange theory. He shouldn't have been compensated. And here is direct 10 testimony from Mr. Concilla, said, of course, you know, my 11 advice included that area. 12 THE COURT: What about the alternative argument that, 13 well, you invoke the attorney-client privilege at various 14 times during the deposition of this Concilla? 15 MR. DAVIS: I'm glad that there is argument. 16 the waiver — there was a waiver that was given. And I think 17 we can all agree that a waiver -- you don't have to give up 18 all of your attorney-client relationship in order to meet the 19 burden of the reliance, so there was no assertion of privilege 20 on anything that was covered by this area on the reliance. 21 And so — and if there was an issue — and that's why 22 reading this deposition -- Mr. Hulings did the deposition from 23 If there was an issue, the record is complete with 24 Mr. Hulings taking a break, coming back after conferring with 25 Mr. Mueller, and say, okay, this would be within the scope.

You can answer.

So some of the examples of what Your Honor is mentioning was actually before that happened, Mr. Mueller reentered and answered some of those questions. Some he didn't. So, for example, there wasn't a waiver on post-2019 discussions, because that's not relevant to their claims or defenses. There wasn't a waiver on the SEC investigation. That's not relevant — I think we can all agree — to their claims or defenses.

So the waiver of attorney-client privilege was even broader than necessary to match these issues on this advice. And if they didn't agree with anything of that; for example — I don't recall, because I wasn't there. I think Mr. Nasse may have been in those depositions with Mr. Mueller. There was a discussion — because I've read the transcript a few times — there was a discussion between Mr. Hulings and Mr. Nasse where they said, well, we disagree with this exertion of privilege. We'll take that up with the Court.

That never happened. So if there was a dispute about the scope of privilege or the — or that then it could have been taken up, but on a motion in limine to say King's X, even though I've got sworn testimony from Mueller and Concilla and I've got a waiver, you can't put any of that evidence on, Judge, would just not, in our view, be an appropriate result.

THE COURT: What about the accountants? Are you

1 going to try to argue that accountants gave some kind of 2 accounting advice that's relevant here? 3 MR. DAVIS: Well, we are, depending upon their 4 theory. Again, the SEC has kind of molded their theory, and 5 now it's more limited. So I don't know if they are going to 6 get into the fact of how Mr. Mueller received compensation, or 7 what's noncompensation or loan proceeds. If they are, then we 8 need to show that he was advised to book it that way by accountants. If they are not, then we don't need to. 10 So if that comes up, Judge, if they say, 11 "Mr. Mueller, why was this booked as a loan or AR?" 12 think it's undisputed that the accountants provided him that 13 advice to do that, and he testified to it. 14 If they are not going to get into that, then I don't 15 think we need the accountants. 16 THE COURT: But I thought they testified that they 17 never provided any kind of tax or other advice concerning 18 compliance of security laws. Is that true or not? 19 MR. DAVIS: That may be true, but that's not the 20 point on the money coming out. What they did do is prepare 21 the tax returns. And what they did do is prepare those tax 22 returns consistent with how Mr. Mueller received these funds. 23 He didn't prepare the tax returns. 24 So the securities laws, we are not going to ask an

accountant to talk about securities laws. But if they're

25

1 getting into, "Hey, why did you take -- why was this booked as 2 a loan as opposed to W-2 comp or something else" --3 THE COURT: Well, I'm confused. Why does that all 4 come into this case? 5 MR. DAVIS: I don't think it should. 6 THE COURT: What's the government say? 7 MR. NASSE: Yeah, I don't think that's our position. 8 It was our view that, based on some of their witness 9 designations, Your Honor, that they were going to say, well, 10 the accountant said it was a loan; therefore, it was 11 permissible. And our claim is that it may have been 12 permissible under the tax code, but it wasn't done necessarily 13 in accordance with the PPM and the disclosures to investors. 14 Introducing that evidence of an accountant is undue 15 privilege that will tell -- you know, indicate to the jury 16 that there was some advice maybe that related to securities 17 compliance, because it's a professional, and we just think 18 that's an undue prejudice, given the fact that the actual is 19 relevant. 20 THE COURT: Respond to that. 21 MR. DAVIS: Yes. I don't think we are going to offer testimony of an accountant to say that loans were consistent 22 23 with securities laws or the PPM. So that's not -- I think 24 we're missing each other there. We'd like to keep them on 25 board, because if they go forward and say, well, you received

```
your compensation based on the tax laws in a different way,
 1
 2
   then that's why we would call them. It sounds like they are
 3
   not planning on doing that, so maybe we just saved half a day
 4
    of trial.
 5
             MR. NASSE: The only concern with that, Your Honor, I
 6
   think is if Mr. Mueller gets up and testifies and says, Well,
 7
    I ran this by my accountant, and they said it was -- you
 8
   know --
 9
             THE COURT: Yes.
10
             MR. NASSE: — appropriate.
11
             THE COURT: The ruling right now on that one, on
12
    reliance of accountant — that's the motion in limine by the
13
    government — is granted.
14
             Now, let's go back to the attorneys. I'm really
15
   wrestling with this. I'm concerned that if I deny it at this
16
    stage — and again, this is just a motion in limine. So it's
17
   not -- but I think I need to provide you enough quidance as to
18
   how we're going to go forward in trial.
19
             This is a very close call, and since it's such a
20
   close call, I'll allow the lawyers to come up and then
21
   Mr. Mueller to come up and say what they have to say, and
22
   we'll see whether it's enough to get a jury instruction. And
23
   if it's not, the risk from the defendants' perspective is I'll
24
    also instruct the jury to disregard all the evidence that they
25
   heard on that point.
```

```
1
            MR. DAVIS: And Judge, we'll -- we understand the
 2
    Court's ruling. We'll take that up at the time. There is
 3
    some case law that says, look, even if you don't get the
 4
    instruction, it can go towards your state of mind and good
 5
    faith, but we'll take that up at the time, Judge.
 6
             In terms of the instruction not to consider, I don't
 7
   think we have to get into that now, but at that time, Judge,
 8
   we'll reserve our right to show you some authority on that
 9
   point.
10
                        I got it. Thank you.
             THE COURT:
11
             Number five, undisclosed opinion testimony. Is there
12
    any such?
13
             MR. DAVIS: I'm going to let Ms. Small address that
14
    one, Your Honor, with the Court's permission.
15
             MS. SMALL: Good morning, Your Honor. Caroline Small
16
    for the defendant.
17
             To your point, there is no undisclosed expert
18
   testimony. We timely disclosed our four nonretained experts
19
    on April 6th. There's been no --
20
             THE COURT: So this motion in limine is only talking
21
    about Craig Rushford [sic], I believe, right?
22
            MS. SMALL: He was disclosed, Your Honor, on
23
   April 6th. They took his deposition two months later in June.
24
    So he has been disclosed. There was never any Daubert
25
    challenge or any pretrial motion on these folks regarding the
```

```
1
    exclude all of the witnesses pursuant to Federal Rule of
 2
    Evidence 615, with one exception, which would be our expert
 3
    Mr. Post, and ask him to be able to watch the testimony.
 4
             THE COURT: Experts are excused from the rule.
             MR. DIVINE: I believe that's all we have, Your
 5
            Thank you for your patience.
 6
    Honor.
 7
             MR. DAVIS: That's it, Judge. Thank you.
 8
             THE COURT: We'll see you-all.
 9
                                 -000-
10
        I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from
11
    the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter. I
    further certify that the transcript fees and format comply
12
13
    with those prescribed by the Court and the Judicial Conference
    of the United States.
14
15
                                     Gigi Simcox
16
    Date: 12/04/23
                                United States Court Reporter
                                262 West Nueve Street
San Antonio TX 78207
17
18
                                            (210) 244–5037
                                Telephone:
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```